(MILLION TONNES)

CROP		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95
Bajra		8.88	4.97	7.15
Maize	Kharif	8.94	8.53	7.88
	Rabi	1.05	1.07	1.24
	Total	9.99	9.60	9.12
Ragi		2.53	2.60	2.43
Small Millets		0.87	0.92	0.87
Barley		1.51	1.31	1.58
Coarse Cereals	Kharif	30.60	24.30	24.39
	Rabi	5.99	6.51	5.96
	Total	36.59	30.81	30.35
Total Cereals	Kharif	95.84	95.02	95.79
	Rabi	70.82	75.93	81.19
	Total	166.66	170.95	176.98
Tur		2.33	2.69	2.19
Other Kharif Pulses		3.30	2.69	2.66
Gram		4.42	4.98	6.21
Other Rabi Pulses		2.77	2.95	3.06
Total Pulses	Kharif	5.63	5.38	4.85
	Rabi	7.19	7.93	9.27
	Total	12.82	13.31	14.12
Total Foodgrains	Kharif	101.47	100.40	100.64
	Rabi	78.01	83.86	90.46
	Total	179.48	184.26	191.10

Revised Gadgil-Mukherjee Formula

*146. SHRI V. RAJESHWAR RAO:
DR. SHRIKANT
RAMCHANDRA JICHKAR:

Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 2114 given in the Rajya Sabha on 27th March, 1995, and state;

(a) what was the justificaton for the introduction of new elements in the revised Gadgil-Mukherjee formula which was evolved in December, 1991; and

(b) whether this formula will continue in the next Plans?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI BALRAM SINGH YADAV): (a) and (b) Keeping in view suggestions made by the States for the introduction of incentives in the allocation of Central assistance for better performance in the nationally accepted thrust areas, the criteria of population control, elimination of female illiteracy, on-time completion of externally-aided projects and success in land reforms were included in the formula. Besides, the criterion of tax effort discontinued in 1990 was restored and fiscal management introduced in 1990 was continued. The Revised Gadgil-Mukherjee formula is likley to continue in the next plan as well, since at present, there is no proposal for revising the formula.